### Installation Guide

**Diversa Occupancy & Vacancy Sensors - Wall Switch, Passive Infrared (PIR), 24Vac**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WOSSID1-P-VW</td>
<td>PIR, 24Vac, 1-pole, photo, white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WOSSID2-DP-VW</td>
<td>PIR, 24Vac, 2-pole, dimming, photo, white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WOSSID2-DP-VI</td>
<td>PIR, 24Vac, 2-pole, dimming, photo, ivory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WOSSID2-DP-VG</td>
<td>PIR, 24Vac, 2-pole, dimming, photo, grey</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Commercial grade components for long term reliability
- Straightforward wiring for quick installation
- Factory configured for the most common applications
- DIP switches and dials for advanced functionality
- Available in White, Ivory, Grey
- Options: Dimming Control, Photo Sensor

- **Wiring Diagrams**

  Diversa 24Vac sensors include #22 AWG wiring leads. Use appropriate sized wire nuts for connecting wires.

  **CAUTION:** Turn power OFF at the circuit breaker before working on sensor. According to NEC 240-83(d), if the branch circuit breaker is used as the main switch for a fluorescent lighting circuit, the circuit breaker should be marked SWD. All installations should be in compliance with National Electric Code (NEC) and all state, provincial, federal, and local codes.

### Specifications

- **Inputs**
  - 24Vac ± 25%
  - Class 2 Low Voltage Source
  - 60 Hz
  - #18 AWG

- **Outputs**
  - Diode Pulse: Each output is capable of driving up to four Diode Pulse relays.
  - 0-10V Dimming: Connections are polarity sensitive. Up to 25mA sinking.

- **Power Consumption**
  - 9.5mA Standard
  - **Environment**
    - Indoors, stationary, non-vibrating, non-corrosive atmosphere and non-condensing humidity
    - Ambient Operating Temperature: 32°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C)
    - Storage Temperature: -14°F to 140°F (-25°C to 60°C)

### Dimensions - inches (mm)

**Wiring Diagrams**

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### Wiring to a Power Pack

**Diversa by Douglas Lighting Controls**

www.douglaslightingcontrols.com
Diversa Occupancy & Vacancy Sensors - Wall Switch, Passive Infrared (PIR), 24Vac

General Programming Instructions
This covers mode programming using the onboard DIP and Dial switches.

Factory Defaults
All DIP switches in DOWN position. Time delay: 10 minutes; natural daylight level: 50% (200 lux).

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Diversa Occupancy Sensors with a “P” in the model number contain a Photo Sensor that is controlled by DIP 6. The factory default for Natural Daylight Mode = ENABLED (DIP 6 DOWN). This mode disables the Manual Override Button. To test sensor functionality, you may need to disable Natural Daylight Mode (DIP 6 UP) to test sensor functionality.

- Start with the PIR Sensitivity at Medium
- To set the light level at which you want to inhibit the sensor from turning on, put DIP 6 in DOWN position and simply rotate the Light Level Dial to adjust the light level
- To enable Room Mode, ensure that DIP 8 is UP. In this mode Pole 2 will remain ON 50% longer than Pole 1 (Time is set with the Time Dial and Pole 2 cannot be photo inhibited

DIP Switches & Dial Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DIP #</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>UP</th>
<th>DOWN</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>PIR LED</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>DOWN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Walk-Through Mode</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>DOWN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Manual Override</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>DOWN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Sensor Mode</td>
<td>Auto ON (Occupancy)</td>
<td>Manual ON (Vacancy)</td>
<td>DOWN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>PIR Sensitivity</td>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>DOWN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Natural Daylight Mode (&quot;P&quot; models)</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td>DOWN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Light Level Mode (&quot;D&quot; models)</td>
<td>Synchronization</td>
<td>Light Level Dial Sets Dimming Level</td>
<td>DOWN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Room Mode (2-pole models)</td>
<td>Offset</td>
<td>Synchronized</td>
<td>DOWN</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DIP Switch Modes

DIP 1 - PIR Detection LED
LED-on Sensor’s PIR window flashes GREEN when PIR detects motion. LEDs can be turned OFF with DIP switch. Sensor continues to function.

DIP 2 - Walk-Through Mode
When enabled and Occupancy switches lights to ON and sensor does not detect motion after 30 seconds of light ON, an OFF Time Delay of 3 minutes is used (OFF Time Delay must be greater than 3 minutes). If motion is detected after 30 seconds of lights ON, the configured OFF Time Delay is followed.

DIP 3 - Manual Override
Manual Override Button can be disabled with DIP switch to prevent manual ON/OFF.

DIP 4 - Sensor Mode
Vacancy Mode - Lights must be turned ON manually when entering a room and are automatically turned OFF when occupancy no longer detected. Maximizes energy savings because lights are only turned on when lighting is required.

Occupancy Mode - Automatically turns lights ON when occupancy is detected in a room and automatically turns lights OFF when occupancy no longer detected. This is a very convenient mode as lighting controls never have to be touched. Because lights are always turned on when occupancy is detected regardless of the need for lighting, this is less energy efficient than Vacancy Mode.

DIP 5 - PIR Sensitivity
Can be moved from Medium sensitivity (default) to High sensitivity if sensor is not recognizing Occupancy.

DIP 6 - Natural Daylight Mode ("P" models)
When ENABLED, lights ON when Occupancy detected AND daylight level is below Light Level Dial setting. WITH lights ON, an increase in daylight above the Light Level Dial setting will not force lights OFF.

DIP 7 - Light Level Mode ("D" models)
This mode allows the light function to be set and controlled to support Natural Daylight Mode and Closed Loop dimming. With DIP UP the light level dial is used for setting the light level for Natural Daylight Mode. With DIP DOWN, the light level dial is used for setting Closed Loop Dimming.

DIP 8 - Room Mode (2-pole models)
Pole 1 and Pole 2 are set to synchronize to the same photo and time delay settings. With rest room mode off, Pole 2 will activate at the same time as Pole 1 when Occupancy is detected; however, Pole 2 will be offset so that OFF delayed 50% longer than Pole 1. E.g. Light is Pole 1 and Fan is Pole 2. Fan would stay ON 50% longer than light.

Auto Time Mode
Activated when Time Delay Dial is set to Auto Time. Red LED indicator will be ON. In this mode, time delay will start automatically set by the sensor learning occupancy patterns.

Test Mode
Activated when Time Delay Dial is set to TEST. Test Mode LED will flash red for 5 minutes, providing a short Time Delay when testing the installation to determine if the sensor is working as intended or requires adjustments. After 5 minutes, LED will stop flashing and Time Delay reverts to Factory Time Delay setting (10 minutes).

Factory DIP and Dial Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time Delay Dial</th>
<th>Light Level Dial</th>
<th>Photo Sensor 1</th>
<th>Dimming Control &quot;D&quot; models</th>
<th>Manual Override Button</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0  5  30   60</td>
<td>0  50   100  150</td>
<td>0  10  20  30</td>
<td>0  50  100  150</td>
<td>OFF  Manual ON  AUTO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Troubleshooting
Before calling Technical Support, please review the following Troubleshooting Guide.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Recommended Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lights will not turn ON automatically</td>
<td>Manual Override Button was used to turn lights OFF</td>
<td>Move OFF Time Delay to count down, then with motion detected lights will turn ON. Manual Override Button can be enabled by moving DIP 3 UP.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power has been interrupted or sensor connection is intermittent</td>
<td>Check the wiring diagram. Ensure ground is connected. With DIP 1 DOWN, check for motion detection by waving hand in front of sensor lens. Activation LED will blink green.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power has been interrupted or sensor connection is intermittent</td>
<td>Sensor is set to Natural Daylight Mode (Photo Inhibit) and sufficient natural light is present</td>
<td>Check the wiring diagram. Ensure ground is connected. With DIP 1 DOWN, check for sensor detection by waving hand in front of sensor lens. Activation LED will blink green.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor is in Auto Time Mode</td>
<td>If the Sensor is in AUTO Mode, it may take longer than expected to turn the lights off. Set the Time Delay Dial to 5 minutes and leave space to determine if the Sensor is functioning. The maximum Time Delay is 30 minutes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor is being activated by a heat source other than occupant</td>
<td>Sensor may be detecting heat from HVAC registers or other heat sources. Check installation location for heat source. Reduce PIR sensitivity by moving DIP 6 UP. Move sensor location, see guidelines.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lights will not turn OFF automatically</td>
<td>Manual Override Button has been disabled.</td>
<td>Move DIP 3 DOWN to enable Manual Override button.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>